

County Rec 2025/26 Basketball Schedule 1st & 2nd Grade Coed



Revised 11/6/25

Date	bed 11/6/	Time	Location	Team	Event	Notes
Dec.	243					Please note game location
6 th	Sat. Sat.	9:30am-10:30am 10:30am-11:30am	Rec Gym Rec Gym	Cougars vs UW Gonzaga vs Cal Berkeley	Game Game	
13 th	Sat Sat.	9:30am-10:30am 10:30am-11:30am	Rec Gym Rec Gym	Cal Berkeley vs Cougars UW vs Gonzaga	Game Game	
20 st	Sat. Sat.	9:30am-10:30am 10:30am-11:30am	Rec Gym Rec Gym	Cal Berkeley vs UW Cougars vs Gonzaga	Game Game	
		Holiday Break- practice will start up again the week of January 5th– same practice day and time and location	*****		*****	Holiday Break- practice will start up again the week of January 5th– same practice day and
<u>Jan.</u>						time and location
10 th	Sat. Sat.	9:30am-10:30am 10:30am-11:30am	Rec Gym Rec Gym	Cougars vs UW Gonzaga vs Cal Berkeley	Game Game	
17 th	Sat. Sat.	9:30am-10:30am 10:30am-11:30am	CMS Gym CMS Gym	Cal Berkeley vs Cougars UW vs Gonzaga	Game Game	
24 th	Sat. Sat.	9:30am-10:30am 10:30am-11:30am	CMS Gym CMS Gym	Cal Berkeley vs UW Cougars vs Gonzaga	Game Game	
31 st	Sat. Sat.	9:30am-10:30am 10:30am-11:30am	CMS Gym CMS Gym	Cougars vs UW Gonzaga vs Cal Berkeley	Game Game	
Feb.						
7 th	Sat. Sat.	9:30am-10:30am 10:30am-11:30am	CMS Gym CMS Gym	Cal Berkeley vs Cougars UW vs Gonzaga	Game Game	

Please note game time and location

Bye= no game

Rec Gym -Rec Center Gym- 620 Tyler St in PT
CMS-Chimacum Middle School Gym / 91 West Valley, Chimacum
Quil Gym- Quilcene High School Gym – 294715 US High Way 101, Quilcene

Please find below our Concussion Information Form. Please go over this information with your participant(s) Thank You, Rec Staff



Jefferson County Parks and Recreation Jr Hoops Basketball League

Concussion Information Sheet

A concussion is a brain injury and all brain injuries are serious. They are caused by a bump, blow, or jolt to the head, or by a blow to another part of the body with the force transmitted to the head. They can range from mild to severe and can disrupt the way the brain normally works. Even though most concussions are mild, all concussions are potentially serious and may result in complications including prolonged brain damage and death if not recognized and managed properly. In other words, even a "ding" or a bump on the head can be serious. You can't see a concussion and most sports concussions occur without loss of consciousness. Signs and symptoms of concussion may show up right after the injury or can take hours or days to fully appear. If your child reports any symptoms of concussion, or if you notice the symptoms or signs of concussion yourself, seek medical attention right away.

S	Symptoms me	v include on	e or more of	the following:
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- Headaches
- "Pressure in head"
- Nausea or vomiting
- Neck pain
- Balance problems or dizziness
- Blurred, double, or fuzzy vision
- Sensitivity to light or noise
- Feeling sluggish or slowed down
- Feeling foggy or groggy
- Drowsiness
- Change in sleep patterns

Amnesia

- "Don't feel right"
- Fatigue or low energy
- Sadness
- Nervousness or anxiety
- Irritability
- More emotional
- Confusion
- Concentration or memory problems (forgetting game plays)
- Repeating the same question/comment

Signs observed by teammates, parents and coaches include:

- Appears dazed
- Vacant facial expression
- Confused about assignment
- Forgets plays
- Is unsure of game, score, or opponent
- Moves clumsily or displays in-coordination
- Answers questions slowly

- Slurred speech
- Shows behavior or personality changes
- Can't recall events prior to hit
- Can't recall events after hit
- Seizures or convulsions
- Any change in typical behavior or personality
- Loses consciousness

What can happen if my child keeps on playing with a concussion or returns to soon?

Concussion Information Sheet

Athletes with the signs and symptoms of concussion should be removed from play immediately. Continuing to play with the signs and symptoms of a concussion leaves the young athlete especially vulnerable to greater injury. There is an increased risk of significant damage from a concussion for a period of time after that concussion occurs, particularly if the athlete suffers another concussion before completely recovering from the first one. This can lead to prolonged recovery, or even to severe brain swelling (second impact syndrome) with devastating and even fatal consequences. It is well known that adolescent or teenage athlete will often under report symptoms of injuries. And concussions are no different. As a result, education of administrators,

Coaches, parents and students is the key for student-athlete's safety.

If you think your child has suffered a concussion

Any athlete even suspected of suffering a concussion should be removed from the game or practice immediately. No athlete may return to activity after an apparent head injury or concussion, regardless of how mild it seems or how quickly symptoms clear, without medical clearance. Close observation of the athlete should continue for several hours. The new "Zackery Lystedt Law" in Washington now requires the consistent and uniform implementation of long and well-established return to play concussion guidelines that have been recommended for several years:

"a youth athlete who is suspected of sustaining a concussion or head injury in a practice or game shall be removed from competition at that time"

and

"...may not return to play until the athlete is evaluated by a licensed heath care provider trained in the evaluation and management of concussion and received written clearance to return to play from that health care provider".

You should also inform your child's coach if you think that your child may have a concussion Remember its better to miss one game than miss the whole season. And when in doubt, the athlete sits out.

For current and up-to-date information on concussions you can go to: http://www.cdc.gov/ConcussionInYouthSports/

Adapted from the CDC and the 3rd International Conference on Concussion in Sport Document created 6/15/2009